TML\MSH Microbiology Department	Policy # MI\RESP\02\01\v06	Page 1 of 3	
Policy & Procedure Manual			
Section: Respiratory Tract Culture Manual	Subject Title: Bronchoalveolar Lavage		
	(BAL), Bronchos	copy	
	Aspirates/Washin	ngs-Routine	
Issued by: LABORATORY MANAGER	Aspirates/Washin Original Date: September 25, 2	0	
Issued by: LABORATORY MANAGER Approved by: Laboratory Director	1	0	

BRONCHOALVEOLAR LAVAGE (BAL), BRONCHOSCOPY ASPIRATES / WASHINGS - ROUTINE

I. Introduction

Bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL) specimens, including aspirates and washings are collected when sputum specimens fail to identify an etiologic agent of pneumonia or the patient is unable to produce sputum. Lavages are especially suitable for detecting *Pneumocystis carinii* and fungal elements.

II. Specimen Collection and Transport

See Pre-analytical Procedure - Specimen Collection QPCMI02001

III. Reagents / Materials / Media

See Analytical Process - Bacteriology Reagents Materials Media List QPCMI10001

IV. Procedure

A. Processing of Specimens

See Specimen Processing Procedure QPCMI06003

Direct Examination: Prepare 3 smears for:

- i) Gram stain
- ii) Fungifluor stain
- iii) Extra smear held in Mycology Section for special stains.

Culture:

Media	Incub	ation
Blood Agar (BA)	CO ₂ ,	35°C x 48 hours
Haemophilus Isolation Medium (HI)	CO_2 ,	35°C x 48 hours
MacConkey Agar (MAC)	CO_2 ,	35°C x 48 hours
7 7 7 1 1 1 1 (P. 6) 1		2000
Inihibitory Mold Agar (IMA) *	O_2 ,	28°C x 4 weeks
Esculin Base Medium (EBM)*	O_2 ,	28°C x 4 weeks
Blood Egg Albumin Agar (BEAA)*	O_2 ,	28°C x 4 weeks

PROCEDURE MANUAL

TORONTO MEDICAL LABORATORIES / MOUNT SINAI HOSPITAL MICROBIOLOGY DEPARTMENT

TML\MSH Microbiology Department	Policy # MI\RESP\02\01\v06	Page 2 of 3
Policy & Procedure Manual		
Respiratory Tract Culture Manual		

Media	Incubation

If B. cepacia is requested or specimen is from a patient with Cystic Fibrosis, add:

OF Base, Colistin, Bacitracin & Lactose Agar (OCBL)

Note that BA, HI and MAC plates

O2, 35°C x 5 days

CO2, 35°C x 5 days

If Nocardia is requested, add:

Sodium Pyruvate Agar (PYRA)

O2, 35°C x 4 weeks

B. Interpretation of cultures:

Examine the plates after 24 and 48 hours incubation.

- 1. Identify any growth of **Probable** respiratory pathogens.
- 2. Identify any growth of **Possible** respiratory pathogens if predominant (i.e. amount of pathogen growth greater than that of commensal flora).
- 3. For yeast grown in culture on bacterial culture plates see Yeast Identification.
- 4. For filamentus fungus, seal the agar plate and send the culture to Mycology for identification.
- 5. If there is a question regarding the significance of an isolate, consult the charge technologist or microbiologist.

Probable respiratory pathogens:

Streptococcus pneumoniae

Moraxella catarrhalis

Hemophilus influenzae

Group A streptococcus

Staphylococcus aureus

Pseudomonas aeruginosa

Burkholderia cepacia

Nocardia

Filamentous fungus

Cryptococcus neoformans

Possible respiratory pathogens:

Yeast not Cryptococcus neoformans

Group C and G streptococcus

Other gram negative bacilli (not listed above) of single morphological type

For cystic fibrosis patients:

Report <u>any</u> amount of *B. cepacia*. For *B. cepacia* and slow growing mucoid *P. aeruginosa*, identification and sensitivities can be referred to previous specimens processed within the

PROCEDURE MANUAL

TORONTO MEDICAL LABORATORIES / MOUNT SINAI HOSPITAL MICROBIOLOGY DEPARTMENT

^{*} Forward inoculated fungal media to Mycology Section for incubation and work-up.

TML\MSH Microbiology Department	Policy # MI\RESP\02\01\v06	Page 3 of 3
Policy & Procedure Manual		
Respiratory Tract Culture Manual		

C. Susceptibility Testing:

Refer to Susceptibility Testing Manual.

V. Reporting

Direct Examination:

Gram Stain: Report WITHOUT quantitation:

- presence or absence of pus cells;

presence or absence of squamous epithelial cells;presence of predominate respiratory pathogens;

- presence of "Commensal flora";

- "No bacteria seen" if no organism is seen.

Fungifluor Stain: Refer to Mycology Manual

Acid-fast stain (if STAT request): Refer to Reporting of Acid-fast smears, Appendix IV.

Culture:

Negative Report: "Commensal Flora" (DO NOT quantitate) or "No growth"

"No *B. cepacia* isolated" if *B. cepacia* culture is requested. "No *Nocardia* isolated" if *Nocardia* culture is requested.

Positive Report: DO NOT quantitate.

Report all significant isolates with appropriate sensitivities.

Report "Commensal flora" if also present.

"Filamentous fungus" "isolated" "identification to follow" (DO

NOT quantitate).

Telephone all Group A streptococcus to ward/ordering physician.

VI. References

P.R. Murray, E.J. Baron, M.A. Pfaller, R.H. Yolken. 2003. Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 8th ed. ASM Press, Washington, D.C.

H.D. Izenberg. 2003. Respiratory Tract Cultures, 3.11.1.1 – 3.11.3.1 in Clinical Microbiology

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