

## General Notes:

- > Statistical validity of estimates of percent susceptibility for organisms for which there are fewer than 30 isolates reported is limited. Please take this into consideration when interpreting the reported results.
- > Some organisms for which there were only very small numbers have been excluded from this report; however the total number of "ALL BACTERIA", "ALL GRAM-NEGATIVE BACTERIA", and "ALL GRAM-POSITIVE BACTERIA" listed includes these organisms.
- > Reported susceptibilities for "ALL BACTERIA", "ALL GRAM-NEGATIVE BACTERIA", and "ALL GRAM-POSITIVE BACTERIA" reflect estimates only based on the weighted average of susceptibilities for all organisms included on this report as well as those that have been excluded, with assumptions made for those drugs for which susceptibilities were not tested.
- $\succ$  Susceptibility to doxycycline was predicted based on tetracycline susceptibility testing results.

## Year-Specific Notes:

> Only a limited number of coagulase negative staphylococci isolates were tested for susceptibilities. The vast majority of coagulase-negative staphylococci are susceptible to vancomycin. If you have any questions, please contact the UHN/MSH Department of Microbiology.

## Organism-Specific Notes:

- \*\* Beta-hemolytic streptococci: Susceptibilty testing to penicillin is not routinely performed since resistant strains have not been recognized. All isolates are considered susceptible to penicillin.
- \* Viridans group streptococci: Please note that only a small proportion of these isolates were tested for susceptibilities. Please take this into consideration when interpreting the reported results.



Respiratory Isolates — % Suscepti	DIE																										
≥80% Susceptible 70-79% Susceptible ≤69% Susceptible	#	%	Ampicillin	Amoxicillin-Clavulanic acid	Penicillin	Penicillin IV (meningitis)	Penicillin IV (non-meningitis)	Piperacillin-Tazobactam	Meropenem	Ertapenem	Cloxacillin	Cefazolin	Ceftriaxone	Ceftriaxone (meningitis)	Ceftriaxone (non-meningitis)	Ceftazidime	Clindamycin	Erythromycin	Doxycycline	Ciprofloxacin	Moxifloxacin	Trimethoprim-Sulfamethoxazole	Gentamicin	Tobramycin	Amikacin	Vancomycin	Linezolid
ALL BACTERIA	49	_	23	38				80	85	26			54									37					
ALL GRAM-NEGATIVE BACTERIA	34	100	29	50				85	97	12			53			88				61		11	89	94	100		П
Haemophilus influenzae^^	15	44	67																								Т
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	14	41						79	93							86				64			93	100	100		
Escherichia coli	2	6	0	50				50	100	100			50			50				0		0	50	50	100		
Klebsiella pneumoniae	1	3	0	100				100	100	100			100			100				100		100	100	100	100		
Serratia marcescens	1	3	0	0				0	100	100			0			0				100		100	100	100	100		
Moraxella catarrhalis^	1	3																									L
ALL GRAM-POSITIVE BACTERIA	15	100	10	10	13			67	57	57	47	57	57				53	40				75				80	
Staphyloccocus aureus, all isolates	9	60						78	78	78	78	78					66	44	89			100				100	100
- methicillin-susceptible	7	47						100	100	100	100	100					71	57	100			100				100	100
- methicillin-resistant (MRSA)	2	13						0	0	0	0	0					50	0	50			100				100	100
Streptococcus pneumoniae	3	20				67	100							50	100		67	67			100					100	

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- $\succ$  Susceptibility to doxycycline was predicted based on tetracycline susceptibility testing results.

## Year-Specific Notes:

 ${\color{red}\succ} \ {\tt Susceptibility} \ {\tt for} \ {\tt cefazolin} \ {\tt are} \ {\tt not} \ {\tt available} \ {\tt for} \ {\tt Gram-negative} \ {\tt isolates} \ {\tt from} \ {\tt non-sterile} \ {\tt site} \ {\tt specimens} \ {\tt for} \ {\tt the} \ {\tt current} \ {\tt year}.$ 

## Organism-Specific Notes:

- ^ M. catarrhalis: Susceptibility testing is not routinely performed. Most isolates are resistant to ampicillin and amoxicillin but are generally susceptible to other antibiotics commonly used for respiratory infections.
- ^^ H. influenzae and H. parainfluenzae: Susceptibility to ampicillin was determined using beta-lactamase testing. Beta-lactamase-positive isolates are resistant to ampicillin but are generally susceptible to amoxicillin-clavulanic acid and cefuroxime.

Prepared by University Health Network/Mount Sinai Hospital Department of Microbiology

## Skin. Wound and Abscess Isolates – % Susceptible

JKIII, Woully ally Abscess isolates -	/0 <b>J</b> us	CPCI																					
≥80% Susceptible 70-79% Susceptible ≤69% Susceptible	#	%	Ampicillin	Amoxicillin-Clavulanic acid	Penicillin	Piperacillin-Tazobactam	Meropenem	Ertapenem	Cloxacillin	Cefazolin	Ceftriaxone	Ceftazidime	Clindamycin	Erythromycin	Doxycycline	Ciprofloxacin	Moxifloxacin	Trimethoprim-Sulfamethoxazole	Gentamicin	Tobramycin	Amikacin	Vancomycin	Linezolid
ALL BACTERIA	5	_		20		100	100	100			100							100					
ALL GRAM-NEGATIVE BACTERIA	1	100		100		100	100	100			100	100						100			100		
Escherichia coli	1	100	0	100		100	100	100			100	100				0		100	0	0	100		
ALL GRAM-POSITIVE BACTERIA	4	100				100	100	100	100	100	100		75	75				100				100	
Staphyloccocus aureus, all isolates	4	100				100	100	100	100	100			75	75	0			100				100	10
- methicillin-susceptible	4	100				100	100	100	100	100			75	75	0			100				100	10
- methicillin-resistant (MRSA)	0	0																					

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## Year-Specific Notes:

> Susceptibility for cefazolin are not available for Gram-negative isolates from non-sterile site specimens for the current year.

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Urine Isolates — % Susceptible																						
≥80% Susceptible 70-79% Susceptible ≤69% Susceptible	#	%	Ampicillin	Amoxicillin-Clavulanic acid	Penicillin	Piperacillin-Tazobactam	Meropenem	Ertapenem	Cloxacillin	Cefazolin	Cephalexin	Ceftriaxone	Ceftazidime	Doxycycline	Ciprofloxacin	Trimethoprim-Sulfamethoxazole	Nitrofurantoin	Gentamicin	Tobramycin	Amikacin	Vancomycin	Linezolid
ALL BACTERIA	853	_	33	66		78	80	75			50	59		8	74	55	76					
ALL GRAM-NEGATIVE BACTERIA	663	100	21	63		75	99	93			60	71	76		76	65	72	89	88	100		
Escherichia coli	421	63	29	72		80	100	100			67	82	82		69	63	96	86	86	100	$\vdash$	
Klebsiella pneumoniae	100	15	0	80		84	99	99			83	86	86		89	77	31	92	88	99		
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	38	6				87	92						92		87			95	100	100		
Proteus mirabilis	24	4	71	96		100	100	100			100	100	100		83	75	0	92	88	100		
Enterobacter cloacae	17	3	0	0		0	100	88			0	0	0		94	88	59	100	94	94		
Klebsiella oxytoca	12	2	0	92		92	100	100			92	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100		
Citrobacter freundii	10	2	0	0		0	100	100			0	0	0		80	70	100	90	80	100		
Serratia marcescens	9	1	0	0		0	100	89			0	0	0		89	100	0	100	78	100		
Citrobacter koseri	8	1	0	0		0	100	100			0	0	0		100	100	88	100	100	100		
Enterobacter aerogenes	7	1	0	0		0	100	100			0	0	0		86	100	0	100	100	100		
Morganella morganii	6	1	0	0		0	100	100			0	0	0		83	100	17	100	100	100		
ALL GRAM-POSITIVE BACTERIA	190	100	75	75		90	15	15	15	15	15	15		35	66	15	91				99	
Enterococcus faecalis, all isolates	140	74	99	99		99								22	84		98				100	
- vancomycin-susceptible	140	74	99	99		99								22	84		98				100	
- vancomycin-resistant (VRE)	0	0																				
Staphyloccocus aureus, all isolates	27	14				89	89	89	89	89	89			100		100	100				100	100
- methicillin-susceptible	24	13				100	100	100	100	100	100			100		100	100				100	100
- methicillin-resistant (MRSA)	3	2				0	0	0	0	0	0			100		100	100				100	100
Enterococcus faecium, all isolates	14	7	7	7		7								36	7		7				86	100
- vancomycin-susceptible	12	6	8	8		8								42	8		8				100	100
- vancomycin-resistant (VRE)	2	1	0	0		0								0	0		0				0	100
- vancomycin-susceptible (vanA+)	0	0																				
Staphylococcus saprophyticus "	5	3																				
Enterococcus species	3	2	100	100		100								0	100		100				100	

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## Organism-Specific Notes:

" S. saprophyticus: Susceptibility testing is not routinely perfomed. Most urinary tract infections due to this organism respond to nitrofurantoin, trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole or fluoroquinolones.